## CLAIM AMENDMENTS, CLAIM CANCELLATIONS, AND STATUS OF ALL CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1, 11 and 12 as indicated below. Please cancel claims 4-7, 13, 14, 16 and 47-53. Upon entry of this amendment, the status of all claims in this application would be as follows:

1. (**currently amended**) A method of detecting the presence of *Pneumocystis carinii* in a human biological specimen, comprising:

amplifying a highly conserved region within a human-*P. carinii* nucleic acid sequence, if such sequence is present in the specimen, using two or more oligonucleotide primers that hybridize to the highly conserved region; and

determining whether an amplified sequence is present,

wherein the highly conserved region has at least 79% sequence identity with

comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of residues 2794-3042 of HMSGp1

(SEQ ID NO: 1), 2758-3006 of HMSGp3 (SEQ ID NO: 3), 2845-3090 of HMSG11 (SEQ ID NO: 5), 2839-3084 of HMSG14 (SEQ ID NO: 7), 2836-3081 of HMSG32 (SEQ ID NO: 9),

2809-3054 of HMSG33 (SEQ ID NO: 11), or 1-249 of HMSGp2 (SEQ ID NO: 15); or at least

84% sequence identity withand residues 2821-3072 of HMSG35 (SEQ ID NO: 13);

and wherein at least one oligonucleotide primer-hybridizes to residues 2794-2886 of HMSGp1 (SEQ ID NO: 1), 2758-2850 of HMSGp3 (SEQ ID NO: 3), 2845-2937 of HMSG11 (SEQ ID NO: 5), 2839-2931 of HMSG14 (SEQ ID NO: 7), 2836-2928 of HMSG32 (SEQ ID NO: 13), or

1-93 of HMSGp2 (SEQ ID NO: 15)consists of SEQ ID NO: 17 or 18:

and wherein the presence of the amplified sequence detects the presence of Pneumocystis carinii in the human biological specimen.

2. (**original**) The method according to claim 1, wherein amplification of the human-*P*. *carinii* nucleic acid sequence is by polymerase chain reaction.

- 3. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 1, wherein the oligonucleotide primers hybridize under low stringency conditions comprising 50°C in 6x SSC, 5x Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS and 100 μg sheared salmon testes DNA.
  - 4-7 (cancelled).
- 8. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 1, wherein the oligonucleotide primers hybridize under stringent conditions comprising 65°C in 6x SSC, 5x Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS and 100 μg sheared salmon testes DNA.
- 9. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 1, wherein the oligonucleotide primers consist of one upstream primer and one downstream primer.
  - 10. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 9, wherein: the upstream primer is SEQ ID NO: 17, or SEQ ID NO: 18; and the downstream primer is SEQ ID NO: 20 or SEQ ID NO: 24.
- 11. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein one of the oligonucleotide primers emprises is SEQ ID NO: 17.
- 12. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein one of the oligonucleotide primers comprises is SEQ ID NO: 18.
  - 13-16 (cancelled).
- 17. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 1, wherein the specimen is from the oropharyngeal tract.

- 18. (previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the specimen is from blood.
- 19. (**original**) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining whether an amplified sequence is present comprises one or more of:
  - (a) electrophoresis and staining of the amplified sequence; or
  - (b) hybridization to a labeled probe of the amplified sequence.
- 20. (**original**) The method of claim 19, wherein the amplified sequence is detected by hybridization to a labeled probe.
- 21. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 20, wherein the labeled probe comprises a detectable non-isotopic label chosen from the group consisting of:
  - a fluorescent molecule;
  - a chemiluminescent molecule;
  - an enzyme;
  - a co-factor;
  - an enzyme substrate; and
  - a hapten.
- 22. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 20, wherein the labeled probe comprises SEQ ID NO: 19.
- 23. (**previously amended**) A method of detecting the presence of *Pneumocystis carinii* in a human biological specimen, comprising:

exposing the specimen to a probe that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a human-*P. carinii* nucleic acid sequence, if the sequence is present in the specimen, to form a hybridization complex; and

determining whether the hybridization complex is present,

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wherein the human-*P. carinii* nucleic acid sequence is *HMSGp1* (SEQ ID NO: 1), *HMSGp3* (SEQ ID NO: 3), *HMSG11* (SEQ ID NO: 5), *HMSG14* (SEQ ID NO: 7), *HMSG32* (SEQ ID NO: 9), *HMSG33* (SEQ ID NO: 11), *HMSG35* (SEQ ID NO: 13), or *HMSGp2* (SEQ ID NO: 15); and

wherein the stringent conditions of hybridization comprise 65°C in 6x SSC, 5x Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS and 100  $\mu g$  sheared salmon testes DNA.

24. (**previously amended**) The method of claim 23, wherein the probe comprises SEQ ID NO: 19.

25-45 (cancelled).

2546. (currently renumbered) The method of claim 23, wherein the probe is a labeled probe.

47-53 (cancelled).